

The Ypsilanti Commercial.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
C. R. PATTISON.

"IT IS NECESSARY THAT THE PROPRIETOR SHOULD HAVE A HEARTY CO-OPERATION FROM HIS FELLOW-CITIZENS. THE PATRONAGE OF THE PRESS IS RIGHTLY REGARDED EVERYWHERE, AS THE TRUE INDEX OF THE INTELLIGENCE, ENTERPRISE, AND BUSINESS OF A COMMUNITY. IT IS A PART OF TRUE WISDOM FOR A CITY TO ENCOURAGE ALL SUCH ENTERPRISES AS ARE CALICULATED TO SUSTAIN, ADVANCE OR PROMOTE ITS WELFARE, ITS COMMERCE, ITS INTELLIGENCE, OR ITS HONOR. LET NO MAN THINK THAT BY LETTING THE PUBLIC TAKE CARE OF ITSELF HE IS NOT NEGLECTING HIS OWN INTERESTS AND HIS HIGHEST DUTY."

The man who neglects to sustain a Home Press lacks the essential characteristics:

1st. PUBLIC SPIRIT.
2d. A TRUE REGARD FOR HIS OWN SELF-INTEREST.

We reached home yesterday and with regret learn that we have no celebration in Ypsilanti on the 4th. We are ashamed of our adopted town. Not a village in all New England that will not celebrate with great éclat this memorable day.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The amnesty proclamation of the President takes well in New England, save the one ill-omened feature. Colored men, though the only really redeeming loyal element, are not granted the elective franchise. In North Carolina the old laws of the State remain in force, the only reservation being that voters must be "loyal" citizens. This is no reservation at all, as every white man will call himself loyal and take as many false oaths as may be necessary to continue the old slaveocratic ascendancy of force and fraud. If this is to be the mode of reconstruction we cannot congratulate the country on its prospects. Voting in the south will be almost entirely done by the enemies of the Union, who will be found strong enough to "coerce" well meaning men or keep them from the polls. It will be done by the very men who have been fighting against the country for four years, and who have gone home with their hearts full of rancor toward us. To such men it seems that we are to cringe and kneel again, as we were compelled to do in the Ante-Secession times, before we had flogged them. There will be but beggarly lists of voters in some of the Southern States, if none but white loyalists are permitted to go to the polls. Imagine such an election in South Carolina: either the returns will be about equal to a "baker's dozen" or there will be such a display of perjury as would have sufficed to shock even the moral sense of Sodom. Why should the disloyal whites of North Carolina be specially favored? a state that considering her numbers has done more for the confederacy than any other. Virginia excelled her in treason, but only because Virginia has more wealth and more people than she has—only because the old Dominion is stronger than "Old Rip." But the Election returns of Virginia are not very encouraging to those who have fought and bled or made pecuniary sacrifices for the preservation of the Union upon an enduring basis. These returns illustrate the condition which is sure to characterize the South if the rebels are not sternly taught that they are a conquered race, wherever they shall attempt to renew their old tricks of the times before the war. By the rule under which voting was to be done, no person who had given voluntary aid to the rebellion could attend the polls for the purpose of taking part in the election; but many rebels totally disregarded this rule, and voted, and in that way decided the elections favorably to the disunion cause. This is a warning that ought not to be lost upon the country. It shows that the greater portion of the rebels are not aware of the position they are in, and that they suppose that they are to have things all their own way. The Government's course in disregarding the rights of the colored race is but too well calculated to encourage them in the delusion of which they are victims. They should be taught that they are subjugated and must be obedient to the rules and regulations of their conquerors. These rules and regulations, while tempered with mercy should be founded upon the strict principles of justice. We send a few remarks from Senator Sherman on negro suffrage for publication. They are right to the point.

The 25th of May will ever remain a memorable date in American History—a date to be remembered with glory if we use well our victory—or with shame if we shall be false to our faith. On that day the terms of surrender were concluded with Gen. Kirby Smith in Texas & the war ended. Counting from the firing on Fort Sumter the war

lasted a few days over four years and one month. During that long and wearisome, though exciting time, we made history at a tremendous rate, writing it in blood-red letters, and illustrating it with hundreds and thousands of graves. Probably not less than a half a million of fighting men, a formidable host has been sent to the Silent Land, because a few madmen or knaves acted in character at Charleston in the spring of 1860, when the Democratic National Convention met in that chief ward of Bedlam.

This enormous number was made up by the flower of our people, the victims of a villainous institution and of a scarcely less villainous sham Democratic party. Surely these twin relics, have in dying, left a terrible sting behind.

By the kindness of Mr. Geo. Dexter we had another bird's-eye view of the manufacturing in Orange. Here is made the machinery of manufacturing that curse and dread of all honest men, shoddy. The machinery looks just about as ugly as the cloth. But the machinery for the manufacture of factory goods, while it is complicated, yet, well pays the curious visitor. We saw a circular saw that does a smashing business. The patent carriage way that holds the log to the saw is really a curious invention—a great labor-saving machine. We think it would pay our Western mills to introduce it. The cost is only about \$150.00. There was a perpendicular saw with the circular patent saw and carriage way, but so absorbed were we with the latter, that we did not even notice the slashing of the former.

We have had a passing view of the village of Erving. Mr. D. Batchelder's old Massachusetts block, who now resides in Saline. His former residence was pointed out to us in a romantic spot on the hillside, finely sloping down toward Miller's River. We don't wonder his heart aches occasionally to get back to this old inviting retreat. Americans are a roving people. Go where we may we shall find somebody acquainted with our neighbors. We found in the postmaster and superintendent of the Baptist Sabbath School in Athol, a schoolmaster of Mrs. N. W. Batchelder. And in one of the leading merchants a relative of Mrs. Madison Cook.

Yesterday we returned from a tour to old Monadnock, save Mt. Washington, in the White Mountain range, the highest peak in New England. We had a pleasant company and a pleasant ride. The mountain is a little over twenty miles from Athol. On the surrounding hills it can be distinctly seen, apparently not half the distance. Wishing, however, to see a wider range of country, we made a circuit of over thirty miles. It was our design to see the sun rise from the lofty heights of Monadnock, but we miscalculated the length of a New England mile. A mile here seems to me as long again as in Michigan. It is up and down long hills, requiring slow driving. The roads are not on section lines as with us, straight to the points of the compass, east or west, north or south but to avoid rocky hills, wind around, and instead of building on the roads, the roads are made to accommodate the farm houses, and often are quite crooked to pass them. To ascend and even descend a succession of hills some very steep, reaching four or five miles, consumes time and patience. So that 9 o'clock P. M. found us three miles from the foot of the mountain and five from the half-way house, which point it was our hearts' desire to reach, so as to be able to climb the summit before sunrise, being a mile and a half, demanding limber muscles and stout nerves. Towards evening we met a number of parties who had spent the day on the mountain, pleasure parties from Boston and neighboring towns. The day had been sweltering, and glad we were to stop at a nice cottage, New England hotel, in the handsome village of Jaffrey. Breakfasting in early breakfast, our party, not all to sound sleep for dreams of the mountains, towering, overhanging cliffs, now threatening immediate destruction, and then receding, haunted the brain of one, at least.

The police host told us that parties often passed all along from midnight until the early gray of morning, in order to see the magnificent sight of the King of day slowly peering up out of the distance ocean. But we had no idea of sacrificing health to witness even such a glorious spectacle. It is true, as we awoke up out of a "mountain dream" about three o'clock we were strongly tempted to venture the experiment, our "guide wife" even more heroic than herself for the wild enterprise. But then not only our own comfort, but that of others was to be consulted. Early in the morning we went down to the parlor, and behold! the young ladies impatient of delay, were munching the lunch brought along for our mountain dinner. They were bound to proceed at once. The landlord was certainly mistaken. It could not be over a half

mile to the mountain. It did really seem so. Sober second thought and the exercise of parental guardianship prevailed, and they concluded to reserve their strength for the real emergency, and wisely, too, they thought, before a third of the cliffs and ledges had been surmounted. Cheered by a nice breakfast, we started at 6 o'clock, a balmy June morning. The air was bracing. We were in a beautiful valley, and as we rode through the woods, filled with singing birds, and enjoyed the odoriferous breezes wafted to us from the vast native garden of flowers, we could not but feel the exhilaration, and lift our hearts in devout thankfulness to the all-bountiful Giver.

Reaching the half-way house, we learned that a company was to meet us from Winchendon, sixteen miles distant at an early hour in the morning, having left home at 12 M., had become tired waiting for us, and had started for the summit, leaving word not to let us have anything stronger than cold water to drink, or we should never scale the heights. The joke will be appreciated, when saying nothing about the editor, there was, at least, one minister and wife, one deacon and wife in the company, and all professing better things. Our horses cared for, now comes the tug of war. Our overcoats, shawls, &c., to protect against the cold mountain blasts when we should have gained the top, in one hand, and canes or umbrella handles in the other hand, we began the ascent. For about half a mile we did very well. Though ascending, and in some places pretty steep, yet the path was wide, it was through a dense growth of timber. Emerging from the woods, grand and overpowering emotions seize us as our eyes endeavor to measure the vast piles of naked rocks, piles on piles, cliff over against cliff, mountain top reared upon mountain top, and away a mile above us, the highest pinnacle apparently not larger than a good-sized table, and presenting the appearance of a sharp ridge upon which no earthly being could poise himself. And yet, there were little pygmies up there, fitting about and venturing to the very edge seemingly of sure destruction. Stopping to take a good breathing spell we addressed ourselves to the task.

This mountain is a signal station of the United States Coast survey, and thus, at Uncle Sam's expense, a succession of steps had been made in the rocks, or loose stones, arranged to facilitate the weary climber, up—up—up we go. Some of the party begin to puff most vigorously, and still, not a quarter of the way up; a rest, and again we push on. About half way up, percolating from the rocks is a spring of water. A birch bark cup answers our purpose, and all greedily partake. The fountain is clear as crystal under the shadow of a rock. Refreshed, onward and upward we go in single file, now mounting quite a flight of steps, now walking over a terrace, and then clambering up the smooth sides of a huge boulder and again, walled in by overhanging cliffs. And surely, we must be near the top as we reach the summit of one of the apparently highest succession of cliffs. "No, we are not," shouts the editor, who leads the van. We press on, bound to be the first one and outstripping the company, at last, we reach that wished-for height of old Monadnock. Out of breath and perspiring freely we gladly climb down a few feet on to a terrace, perhaps, ten feet in width, fronting the south side and reeling on the rock, thoroughly shielded from the chilly winds that sweep over the mountain from the north, spreading our umbrellas over us, there we reclined, though on the hard rock, and but a narrow space to the yawning depths below, as luxuriously and as safely as on a bed of down. And we watched with interest the plodders below now in sight, and then concealed from view and wondering at our tenacity. When all had gained the summit, we invited, nay, urged the ladies to share our welcome retreat. But though the gentlemen were not slow to do so, not one had courage enough to be helped down on to the terrace, created we believe on purpose to rest the wearied triumphant climber—and shield him from the cold winds. Luckily, however, the wind almost instantaneously subsided, and the sun poured down its hot rays, tempering the atmosphere so that it was refreshingly buoyant and exhilarating. We could only pity the poor victims down in the lower world, panting on account of the most intense heat. Unfortunately, the atmosphere was hazy, and the distant hills seemed smoky and so dense was the haze that we could see the valleys in a circumference of about thirty miles only. We counted fifty lakes and sixteen villages. Had it been a clear day as day preceding with a good glass, we could have seen Bunker Hill Monument and the shipping at sea. As it was, however, we were well repaid. The sight of such fields of solid rock cast in all conceivable shapes was

enough. Seemingly not over half a mile distant was a cliff next in height to the one we were standing on. We challenged the company to a trial to reach it. The ladies declined, but the gentlemen responded. We clambered down and up, up and down, now on our hands and knees, and then leaping from boulder to boulder, new wonders constantly greeting our vision. We saw a huge rock that by the action of ice and water had been loosed and carried from the centre of a strata as if cut out by human hands—the up side plain, even surface, the bottom, cylindrical, smooth, save the straight, sharp, parallel ridges, extending regularly across it. The question arose where and how did it come into that position. It looked like human skill, but it seemed impossible. Proceeding, the mystery was explained. There was the curved cylindrical hollow, grooved and smooth surface, as if done by a planing machine or the chisel of the artist, & just above this was a basin of water. The sides and surface of the whole mountain after we reach the ocean of rocks is remarkably smooth, and upon these grand layers lie scattered around loose boulders big and little. We saw one place where the rolling floods of ice, probably, way back in past ages, had forced a boulder through a narrow passage, and the walls on either side were ground the peculiar shape of the boulder, and as smooth and slippery as the most treacherous ice. We discovered valleys, marshes and ponds of water walled in and evidences of a luxuriant growth of timber at some former time. The decayed and charred remains were to be seen. Said our guide, "many years it was reported that the mountain was on fire." Parched with thirst we gladly discovered a beautiful little basin of clear soft water, sweet and delicious. We finally reached our destined point, and found ourselves hundreds of feet below our lady friends, who looked in the distance like foolish little girls standing on the edge of a precipice. Here we found a pile or altar of small stones, reared by visitors. All the way along from cliff to cliff, we saw hundreds of names chiseled in the rocks. When we got back from our toil-some journey we were informed that our "better halves," tired of our long absence, had ventured upon the descent. We soon overtook them, very glad of our assistance. Though the momentum of the body aids the descent, it aids the wearied legs too much, and it becomes very trying to the joints and the marrow. Happily, we all got down to the half-way house safe and sound and hungry as a starved pack of wolves, though far less ferocious. Satiating the overdrawn demands of the stomach and thoroughly resting ourselves, we started for home well pleased with our visit to old Monadnock. The mountain is in Cheshire county, N. H., and is 3,450 feet high. In a clear day the larger portion of New England can be seen. It is the first land that greets the sailor, homeward bound from his distant voyages, though he overlooks the entire breadth of Massachusetts. There is a very good carriage road, built and kept in order at considerable expense, about half way up the mountain. While resting in the descent several hymns were sung, among others—

"On the mountain tops appearing,"
"Rest for the Weary," &c.
A pleasant ride home, with aching and wearied limbs, however; we were glad to rest upon the welcome couch—the laboring man's friend. All declared that it was the hardest day's work they ever did. This is our last visit to the mountains. We propose to visit Shutesbury Springs—waters of rare medicinal virtues so said, and also go fishing—a sport we have not engaged in for years.

CURRENT EVENTS.
THE LAST REMNANT OF THE REBEL ARMY surrendered on the 5th of June; so we learn by the official reports of Admiral Thatcher and Gen. A. J. Smith. The people of South Carolina are gradually coming to their senses; a delegation have waited upon the President to confer upon the subject of reconstruction and presented these candidates for appointment as Governor.—Several thousand rebels mostly from Texas and Missouri have entered Mexico averring that they will never live under the U. S. flag.—The conspiracy trial is drawing to a close; all the testimony for the Government has been given.—A large number of pardons have been granted to repentant rebels and the president expresses his intention of pardoning them all with a few exceptions.—The cable is completed for the Atlantic Telegraph and the great Eastern is to start to lay it on the 5th of July.

LATEST.—A verdict in the conspiracy cases has been rendered, but it is not yet revealed.—A touching farewell was issued from Gen. Meade to his soldiers over whom he has held command for two years.
Gold—138 3/4

OUR PROSPECTS.
With the close of the war the national expenses will be vastly reduced, and investors must look for a sharp reduction in the rate of interest as soon as the present loan becomes due, and can be paid off. There is no reason why the United States credit for money should ever again fall below its credit for courage. The same spirit that preserved the geographical integrity of the country places its pecuniary integrity of on a par with that of the most favored nations—and that will represent a rate of interest under rather than over four per cent.

New Advertisements.

LETTERS
Remaining unclaimed in the Post Office at Ypsilanti, State of Michigan, the 30th day of June, 1865.

Persons enquiring for the following letter will please say "advertisers" 18708

LADIES' LIST.

Bell Mrs Emma Johnson Mrs C W
Carpenter Helen Lefroy Carrie
Gorton Mrs Lucy Robinson Mrs L J—2
Griffith Libbie Rouse Mrs Emily A
Hathaway Dora West Martha A

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Anderson Jas A Ray John
Crane Wm W Sawdy John
Dean R C Steffy Manuel
Field M Smith Chas O
Fuller George—2 Smith Mr
Fuller C A Warner Moses
Kean Michael Winslow J
Pelham E Yost J G

D. B. GREENE, P. M.

WHY YOU SHOULD BUY YOUR

DRY GOODS

at

J. O. CROSS & CO.

1st—They keep one of the largest stocks in the city to select from.

2d—They buy their goods cheap, and can afford to sell cheap.

3d—They keep their stock assorted, direct from New York and Boston every week.

4th—You can save your 10 per cent. by buying of them.

5th—They keep all kinds of fancy dry goods, staple goods, Denims, Ticks, Stripes, Cassimeres, Hoop skirts, Hosiery, Dress Goods, Shoes, Cornwell & Bros' all wool plain and fancy Cassimeres, Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps &c.

Remnants of LAWNS always on hand.

Call at the old stand on the Corner, Warden Block

J. O. CROSS & CO.

U. S. MAIL LINE FOR

CALIFORNIA

(via Isthmus of Panama.)

Greatly Reduced rates of passage for the SUMMER MONTHS.

Including railroad transportation from Aspinwall to Panama and provisions on board the steamers.

THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO IN 22 DAYS.

Steering Second Cabin, - - - \$125

First Cabin, - - - 250

First Cabin, - - - 325

PAYABLE IN GREENBACKS.

Officers and enlisted men who have entered the army from the Pacific States, and who have been honorably discharged from the service will be furnished passage at half the regular rates.

For passage or further information apply to the General agent of the line,

D. B. ALLEN,

3170 No. 5, Bowling Green, New York.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

New York and California Express and

Freight and small packages received for California and the Pacific coast.

California coupons bought or collected.

Collections made and commissions executed in the Pacific States.

Exchange for sale on London, Dublin, Paris and San Francisco.

Letters of credit on the Union Bank of London issued to travellers, exchangeable for circular letters payable in all parts of Europe. Persons going abroad will find this the most convenient as well as the safest way of providing themselves with funds.

Also letters of credit on our San Francisco house, for which they will issue circular letters payable at any of our offices in California Oregon, Nevada, Washington territory and British Columbia.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to San Francisco and all accessible points in the Pacific States.

California and Nevada mining and other stock bought and sold on commission by telegraph.

70-6 MART CRANE, Agent.

BATCHELDER & MINTOSH

Carriage and Wagon

MANUFACTURERS.

THIS Long and well tried establishment continues to manufacture carriage of the

Latest Styles

and most improved patterns. Made best seasoned material. We take pride in giving our patrons

Finished and Durable Work.

TOP AND OPEN CARRIAGES.

DEMOCRAT BUGGIES &c.

We keep the above constantly on hand, and also manufacture to order.

Our Prices

compare favorably with any similar establishment in the country.

We are in receipt of orders from abroad and solicit the attention of our friends at home and elsewhere, to our work.

WASHINGTON ST., YPSILANTI.

B. BATCHELDER.

C. MINTOSH.

112

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

On account of the frequent enquiries for farms and city residences, I have taken on a Government License as REAL ESTATE AGENT, and am therefore prepared to buy and sell all kinds of Real Estate on reasonable commission.

S. M. CUTCHEON,

Attorney at Law.

YPSILANTI, MICH., December 1, 1864.

A BRICK DWELLING HOUSE.

FOR SALE.—A new two-story brick dwelling house, situated on Huron Street, Ypsilanti, with two lots of land, good fence, side walk, well and cistern all new.

S. M. CUTCHEON.

BRICK BLOCK FOR SALE.

A new three story brick block, well built containing three distinct stores, numerous offices and a good hall, situated on the south side of Cross Street, Ypsilanti. The building is very near the M. C. R. R. Depot and if desirable, could be easily adapted to manufacturing purposes.

S. M. CUTCHEON.

FOR SALE.

A first rate two story frame house with 2 1/2 acres of land on west side of Summit street, Ypsilanti, Mich. There is a good barn and large quantities of small fruit on the premises.

S. M. CUTCHEON.

FARM FOR SALE.

Within the corporate limits of the city of Ypsilanti, 40 acres—90, or 135 acres—to suit purchaser.

S. M. CUTCHEON.

CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

THREE CORNER LOTS, eligibly situated on Summit Street, For Sale Cheap. Enquire of

S. M. CUTCHEON.

FOR SALE.

A Splendid Farm of 220 acres, with first rate house, barn, orchard, and other improvements, and 20 acres of good wheat, in the township of Salem. Will sell at the low price of \$40 per acre—nothing less. S. M. CUTCH ON.

80 ACRES.

Of unimproved land, a few rods east of Oakville, twelve miles south of the city of Ypsilanti. A portion of the land is well timbered.

S. M. CUTCHEON.

FOR SALE.

A farm of 160 acres in Pittsfield, 3 miles from Ypsilanti and 6 miles from Ann Arbor—1 1/2 mile from Saline Plank Road—100 acres arable and 60 acres timbered. New buildings and fences, 27 acres of wheat.

S. M. CUTCHEON.

FOR SALE.

A two-story frame dwelling house, with two city lots, a good barn, cistern, fruit &c.—South side of Forest Street, Ypsilanti, Mich.

S. M. CUTCHEON.

A GOOD BARGAIN!

A convenient and commodious Students' Boarding house for sale. Eight study rooms, with bedrooms to each. Ample family room, with other necessary conveniences.

S. K. McMATHEW.

Ypsilanti, April 27th, 1865. 6w61

FARM FOR SALE.

Seventy seven (77) acres of valuable land, lying on both sides of the M. C. R. R., on the eastern boundary of the City of Ypsilanti. House, barn and a good orchard. The subscriber prefers to sell at one sale, but will sell in lots to suit purchasers. For further information enquire on the premises, or of Norris & Nindé.

C. SIMMONS.

Ypsilanti, March 29d, 1865. 56t

FOR SALE!

A house and lot on Adams street, near the Union School. Enquire at Norris & Nindé's Law office, near the depot.

LAND! LAND! FOR SALE

In parcels to suit purchaser, from five to fifty acres. This land is under a high state of cultivation and is very suitable for gardening or hop raising. It lies on the eastern boundary of the city of Ypsilanti, convenient for school purposes. A splendid chance for those wishing to farm it and educate their children. Enquire on the premises.

J. EMERICK.

Ypsilanti, March 25th, 1865. 56t

LEGAL.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
County of Washtenaw, }

In the matter of the estate of George F. Marshall and Franklin J. Marshall, of the county of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, minors. Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted the undersigned guardian of the estate of said minors, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the county of Washtenaw on the fifth day of June, A. D. 1865, there will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder at the dwelling house on the premises in the city of Ypsilanti, in the county of Washtenaw and said State, on Monday the fourth day of August, A. D. 1865, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of sale, and also subject to the right of dower of Alice Marshall, the mother of said minors, therein) the following described real estate, to-wit:

The south three fourths of Lot number four hundred and ninety-eight (498) and the north one-eighth of lot four hundred & ninety-nine (499) in Post & Lazear's addition to the village (now city) of Ypsilanti, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan.

Witness my hand and seal of said office, this 5th day of June, 1865.

Dated June 5th, 1865. 6w68

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

STATE OF MICHIGAN—COUNTY OF

Washtenaw.—In the matter of the estate of David Carr, late of Belleville, Wayne County, Michigan, deceased. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administrator on the estate of said deceased, by the honorable Judge of probate of said county of Wayne, there will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder, the city of Ypsilanti in the county of Washtenaw and said State on Tuesday the first day of August, A. D. 1865, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased) the following described real estate, to-wit: The house and lot numbered thirty-two (32) in Cross & Bagley's addition to the village, now city, of Ypsilanti, in the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, according to the recorded plat of said addition.

Dated, June 14th, 1865.

6w69 JOHN CARR, Administrator.

BUSINESS EDUCATION.

THE

Offers superior facilities for obtaining a good business education at cheap rates, tuition, board and all expenses being low. In the "Actual Business Department" the theory and practice of accounts are fully explained. Students may enter at any time. Tuition: Gentlemen \$20, Ladies, \$20. For Circulars, giving full information, apply at the College Office, or address, at Albion, Michigan. Or apply at this office.

309-1 H. A. MATHEW, President.

Author of Mayhew's Practical Book-keeping.

69t

FURNITURE.

DAVID COON.

Cabinet and Chair

MANUFACTURER

AND

UNDERTAKER

Metallie and Wood Coffins of all sizes on hand. Gross street, opposite the Hawkins House

FURNITURE.

M'ANDREWS & STANWAY.

CABINET WARE

LOCAL MATTERS.

Ypsilanti Mail Arrangements.
Mail going East, closes 6:00 P. M.
Do West, do 8:00 A. M.
Saline, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, closes at 12:00 M.
Lake Ridge, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, closes 12:00 M.
Belleville, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, closes 11:45 P. M.
Monroe, via Paint Creek and Canfield, Thursday, closes 11:00 A. M.
Office hours from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M., except Sundays.

Our New Advertisements.
Letter List.
Reasons for buying at—S. O. Cross & Co. California Mail Lines—D. B. Allen, agent. Express and Exchange—Wells, Fargo & Co.—Matt Crane, Agent.

The Schools.
THE NORMAL closed its short term on Wednesday last. The only exercises was a Lecture before the Lyceum by F. P. Taylor, army correspondent of the Chicago Journal, which was full of life-like pictures of army life and glowing descriptions of battles. He gave some touching tributes to the noble efforts of the Northern women in aid of the sick and wounded, and spoke beautifully of the importance of frequent remissions of those "three cent subscriptions" which are so efficacious in that worst of all the soldiers' ills—home sickness. His Lecture was crowded with happy smiles and witty anecdotes, and was, as we predicted a literary treat of the highest order. A couple of good pieces were sung by Prof. Pease and class, and the newly elected President of the Lyceum Mr. Donaldson was introduced. The evening passed with every credit to their year and but one circumstance occurred to mar its progress. Some ruthless scamps, supposed to be seminarians students, gained access to the metre and shut off the gas in the midst of the discourse. It was a base insult, both to the Lyceum and the speaker, and should be visited upon the culprits to the fullest extent of the law. Mr Taylor must have thought we had an efficient (?) School Board.

THE UNION closed on Thursday. Last evening The Graduating exercises took place. An excellent programme was produced, of which we will speak more at length next week. We hope to see all the students that were here last term back again next winter, and with a larger addition to their numbers than we had last year.

Returned.
Among the returned soldiers of the last few weeks we notice the following:
Prescott M. Skinner, 20th Infantry.
George Wolsey,
George Martin,
Emmett Spencer,
John D. Wise,
Richard A. Wain,
Martin Knickerbocker,
Frank Hurdman,
Wm. Hurdman,
Everett W. Fish,
W. K. Childs,
Richard Marsh,
Frank Emrick,
Washington Clark, 14th Battery.
John H. Smith, 6th Heavy Artillery.
Harvey Davis,
Alonso Draper.

We should be happy to have our boys call and leave their names when they return, which will enable us to publish a complete list.

Fire.
A house owned and occupied by Mrs. Talcott, corner of Ellis and Ballard streets took fire on Thursday last about 11 o'clock A. M. The flames made rapid progress on the dry roof, but were subdued in a short time by the utmost exertions of the citizens. A south-west wind was blowing quite strongly at the time, and if it had occurred in the night, or one whit less energy had been used—nothing could have saved that or the neighboring dwellings of Mr. Hawkins and others on the South side of Ellis street—Mrs. Talcott had her furniture hustled out in a hurry and must have sustained considerable damage. \$100 Will probably cover the loss. No Insurance.

We understand that several of our citizens have voluntarily tendered their assistance in repairing widow Talcott's house, and the work is to be done immediately.

Ann Arbor Items.
Preparations have been made for a glorious celebration of the Fourth.
A wandering pumper named George Zachar committed suicide at the house of Chas. Almendinger in Scioto, on Friday the 23d.

The Ann Arborites are in the midst of summer fruit of all kinds, the worms having entirely destroyed currants, cherries and strawberries. The prospect for fall fruit is also said to be very poor.

The storm of Sunday last took the proportions of a hurricane in Northfield and destroyed the dwelling house of John Renwick carrying bedding, wool and other light articles to parts unknown.

The Drama.
An opportunity will be given our citizens to witness the rendering of some choice dramatic pieces, divested of all that can be objectionable in a theatrical entertainment, on Monday evening at Hewitt Hall. Mr. J. G. Strutz, though a young man, is well known as a talented Dramatic Reader. He will produce some choice selection from Shakspeare, Poe, Bulwer and other authors.

Cheaper Rates to California and the Pacific Coast.
We are glad to learn that the passage rates to California have been reduced. It can be seen by reference to advertisement at 61-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100.

MARKET REPORTS.

YPSILANTI MARKET.
Prepared for the Commercial, by M. H. Brooks, Grocer.

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| WHEAT, White, | to \$1 38 |
| Red, | " 1 35 |
| CORN, Yellow, | " 40 |
| White, | " 35 |
| OATS, | " 15 |
| CHEESE, | 15 " 16 |
| BUTTER, | " 17 |
| EGGS, | " 11 |
| POTATOES, | 30 " 40 |
| BEANS, | " 75 |
| APPLES, | " 4 |
| DRY APPLES, | " 12 00 |
| MEAT, | " 25 00 |
| MESS PORK, | 24 00 " 25 00 |
| LARD, | 50 " 55 |
| Wool, | " 50 |

DETROIT MARKET.
Detroit, June 30th, 1864.

| | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| FLOUR, Superior, | \$5 75 to \$6 50 |
| WHEAT, No. 1 White, | 1 56 |
| No. 2 Red, | 1 54 |
| Free, beans shorts, | 23 00 |
| mediums, | 22 00 |
| large, | 21 00 |
| CORN, Yellow, | 54 |
| White, | 54 |
| OATS, | 54 |
| BARLEY, per cwt., | 2 20 |
| BEANS, | 2 90 |
| POTATOES, | 55 |
| BUTTER, | 19 |
| EGGS, | 20 |
| CHEESE, | 24 |
| POULTRY, Chickens, | 10 |
| Turkeys, | 12 |
| Duck, Hogs, | 11 00 |
| MESS PORK, | 28 00 |
| BEEF, | 18 00 |
| LAMB, | 22 |
| SHOULDERS, | 22 |
| FISH, White, | 19 |
| Trout, | 8 25 |
| SALT, | 2 10 |
| ONIONS, | 1 75 |
| HIDES, Hides, | 10 |
| Green Sides, | 7 50 |
| PEAS, | 1 00 |
| TALLOW, Rough, | 12 |
| Rendered, | 13 |
| APPLES, pr. bbl., | 5 00 |
| Dried, pr. lb., | 9 |
| HOPS, | 40 |
| CLOVER SEED, | 18 00 |
| HAY, | 20 00 |

RAILROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.
1865.

On, and after Tuesday, April 14th 1865, Passenger trains will run as follows:

TRAINS WESTWARD.

| Day | Exp. | Night | Exp. | Night |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Mail | Exp. | Exp. | Exp. | Exp. |
| Detroit, 11:15 | 10:30 | 6:45 | 11:00 | 4:45 |
| Wayne, | 8:10 | 11:25 | 6:20 | 6:30 |
| Ypsilanti, | 8:40 | 11:55 | 6:50 | 6:12 |
| Ann Arbor, | 9:05 | 12:15 | 7:10 | 6:35 |
| Dexter, | 9:35 | 12:40 | 7:35 | 7:00 |
| Chicago, Arr., | 11:00 | 1:00 | 12:30 | |

TRAINS EASTWARD.

| Day | Exp. | Night | Exp. | Night |
|----------------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Mail | Exp. | Exp. | Exp. | Exp. |
| Chicago, Dep., | 6:00 | 6:50 | 10:00 | |
| Detroit, 6:30 | 3:45 | 7:55 | 6:05 | |
| Ann Arbor, | 6:55 | 4:05 | 8:20 | |
| Ypsilanti, | 7:12 | 4:25 | 8:40 | |
| Wayne, | 6:50 | 4:55 | 9:08 | |
| Detroit, Arr., | 7:45 | 5:45 | 10:00 | |

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

Great Central Route Re-opened.
NO PASSPORTS REQUIRED.

On and after Monday, May 13, Trains will leave the depot at Windsor, Ontario, for the depot at London, Hamilton, Toronto and Suspension Bridge, as follows:

Morning Express (Hamilton time) 7:30 A. M.
Day Express, 11:00 A. M.
Mixed train for London & Sarnia 12:10 P. M.
Night Mail, 6:45 P. M.
G. W. R. Ferry Steamer leaves dock foot of Bush St. 6:45 A. M. 1:15 P. M. & 6:00 P. M.
Steamer Union leaves M. C. R. dock foot of 3d St. 6:35, 10:20 & 9:05 Detroit time.

Express trains connect at Suspension Bridge with N. Y. C. Railroad for Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Ogdensburg, Albany, New York, Boston; and at Toronto with G. T. R. R. for Montreal, Quebec, Portland, and points east. Trains are run by Hamilton time—12 min. faster than Detroit, and 25 min. slower than New York Central Railroad time.

American Currency taken at par for travel, fare, sleeping berths, and meals.

THOS SWINARD, General Manager.
JAS CHARLTON, General Agent.
HAMILTON, C. W.

Church Directory.

ADVENT CHURCH.—No regular pastor. Worship at 10-12 A. M. Rev. J. Latham Protestant Methodist. Sunday School at 2 P. M. Regular service at 8 P. M.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. Chas. E. Hewitt pastor. Hours of worship, half past 10 o'clock A. M. Sunday morning. Evening service at 7-12 P. M. Young people's prayer meeting at 6-12 o'clock P. M. Sunday School, immediately after the morning service.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Colored.—Old Presbyterian Church. Services at 10-12 A. M. and at 7-12 P. M. Rev. Henry Jacobs, pastor.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.—Rev. E. Van Pamel, pastor. Hours of worship at 7-12 and 10-12 P. M. Sunday School at 2 P. M.

EPISCOPALIAN CHURCH.—Rev. W. Wilson, pastor. Hours of worship, morning service at 10-12 A. M. Evening service 7-12 P. M. Sunday School at 2-4 P. M.

GERMAN CHURCH.—Rev. J. A. M. pastor. Hours of worship at 10 o'clock A. M. Sunday School at 4 P. M.

METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. M. Hickey, pastor. Hours of worship at 10-12 Sunday morning. Young people's prayer meeting at 6-12 o'clock P. M. Evening service at 7-12 Sunday School immediately after morning service.

METHODIST CHURCH—Colored.—Rev. J. Franklin, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7-12 P. M. Sunday School at 2 o'clock.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. Geo. P. Tidd, pastor. Hours of worship at 10-12 A. M. Young people's prayer meeting at 6-12 o'clock P. M. Evening service at 7-12 Sunday School immediately after morning service.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

"The soul I sway by and the heart I bear, Shall never sag with doubt, nor shake with fear."

Thus exclaimed the doughty Scottish Chief when arrayed for battle and thus may all cry who arm themselves against the Legions of Dyspepsia, Headache, Ague, Sallowness, Languor, Liver Complaint, and all their concomitant evils, with a bottle or two of Plantation Bitters, the original S. T.—1860.—X. This great Tonic which is still increasing in popular favor, and is effecting more cures than ever before, is emphatically the Poor Man's Friend, and the Rich Man's Blessing. Plantation Bitters are sold by all respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe.

CAUTION.

BY THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY.
It having come to our knowledge that imitations of the American Watch have been put out upon the market, calculated by their utter worthlessness to injure the reputation of our genuine products, to protect our own interests and the public from imposition, we again publish the trade marks by which our watches may invariably be known.

The first has the name "AMERICAN WATCH CO. Waltham, Mass." engraved on the inside plate.

The second has the name "APPLETON, TRACY & CO. Waltham, Mass., engraved on the inside plate.

The third has the name "P. S. BARTLETT, Waltham, Mass." on the inside plate.

All the above styles have the name American watch (co. painted on the dial, and are warranted in every respect.

The fourth has the name "WILLIAM ELLERY, Boston, Mass." engraved on the inside plate, and is not named on the dial.

All the above watches are made of various sizes and are sold in gold or silver cases, as may be desired.

It is hardly possible for us to accurately describe the numerous imitations to which we have alluded. They are usually inscribed with names so nearly approaching our own as to escape the notice of inexperienced buyers. Some are represented as being the "Union Watch Co. of Boston,"—no such company existing. Some are named the "Soldier's watch" to be sold as our fourth or Wm. Ellery style, usually known as the "soldier's watch." Others are named the "Appleton Watch Co." others the "P. S. Bartlett," instead of our P. S. Bartlett; besides many varieties named so as to convey the idea that they are the productions of this company.

We also caution the public, and particularly soldiers, against buying certain articles CALLED watches, so freely advertised in illustrated papers as "Army Watches," "Officers' Watches," "Magic Time Observers," "Arcana Watches," &c., the prices of which are said to be from \$7 to \$14. A good watch in these times, cannot be afforded for the money.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Agents for the American Watch Co., 182, Broadway, N. Y.

TO DIE.

In a bad case—no those who fall in the rebel ranks undoubtedly do—is foolish, but on the other hand, dying for a good cause, as those who are wise and prudent enough to remedy the defects of nature with CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE, are doing every day, in every city of the Union, is eminently praiseworthy. The peaceful revolution is going on throughout the whole land, and thus beauty and harmony supplant homeliness and incongruity.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by all druggists. Applied by all Hairdressers.

REMARKABLE CURE.

OF STIFF KNEE, BY ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.—How many persons, by stepping on a piece of orange peel have been lamed for life. A gentleman was thus suddenly thrown down and violently sprained his knee. He was six months confined to the house, though he had the best medical advice. As a last resort, an eminent physician was called in to see if anything more could be done. After examination he said, "My opinion is, your knee will never be bent again." He recommended the permanent stiffening of the knee as speedily as possible by the use of plaster of Paris; but the patient, before trying the application and having a stiff knee for life, enveloped it in our Porous Plasters, and in less than two months, his knee was perfectly cured.

Principal agency, Brandeth House, New York. Sold by all dealers in medicines. Ju

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early decay, diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have already been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the receipt for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, free of charge.

Please enclose a stamped envelope, addressed to yourself. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
—STATION D, BIBLE HOUSE
New York City.

EDITOR COMMERCIAL.—With your permission

I wish to say to your readers that I will send by return mail to all who wish it (free) a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple vegetable Balm that will effectually remove in ten days, pimples, blotches, tan, freckles, and impurities of the skin, leaving it smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having bald heads or bare faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant hair, whiskers or moustache in less than thirty days. All applications by return mail without charge.

THOMAS F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
81 Broadway, New York.

WHISKERS.—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair will please send the card of Thos. F. Chapman in another part of this paper. 45

NERVOUS DEBILITY, Seminal weakness, etc. Can be cured by one who has really cured himself and hundreds of others, and will tell you nothing but the truth. Address with Stamp, **EDWARD H. TRAYER,**
Lock Box, Boston, Mass.

MATRIMONIAL.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—If you wish to marry you can do so by addressing me. I will send you without money and without price, valuable information that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth or beauty. I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail, and no reward asked. Please enclose postage or stamped envelope addressed to yourself.

SARAH B. LAMBERT,
Greenpoint, Kings Co., N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED.

Male and Female, to sell "Clark's Indelible Pencils" for Marking Linen without any preparation. They are entirely superseding ink and stencils, are warranted indelible, are used similar to ordinary pencils and sell readily in every house. I will pay liberal wages, or give a commission which will allow any man of ordinary ability to clear \$30 per week. Ladies can make plenty of "pin money" selling them among their friends. Send 40 cts. for sample. Address (enclosing stamp for circular), **W. LEURX DEANE,**
1765 BUFFALO, N. Y.

FINANCIAL.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

THIRD SERIES.

\$230,000,000!

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury the undersigned general subscription agent for the sale of U. S. Securities, offers to the public the third series of Treasury notes bearing 7 3/10 per cent. interest per annum, known as the

7-30 LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of July 15th, 1865, and are payable 3 years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

United States 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all Government bonds, from State, county, and municipal taxation, which adds from 1 to 3 per cent. per annum to their value, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest at 7.30 per cent. amounts to one cent per day on a \$50 note. Two cents " " " \$100 " Ten cents " " " \$500 " 30 cents " " " \$1000 " \$1 " " " " \$5000 "

The Notes of the Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to those already sold, except the government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold at 6 per cent. instead of 7 3/10 in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, when they subscribe.

The delivery of the Notes of this series will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly after that date.

The slight change made in the conditions of the Third Series affects only the matter of interest. The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in gold be availed of, will so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with 6 per cent. in gold, will be fully equal to those made with 7 3/10ths per cent. in currency. This is the

ONLY LOAN IN THE MARKET.

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the great

POPULAR LOAN OF THE PEOPLE.

Less than \$200,000,000 of the loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will be subscribed for within four months, and then the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing subscriptions to other loans. It now seems probable that no considerable amount will be offered to the public after this series.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks and private bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions and pay. Subscribers will select their own agents in whom they have confidence, and who will be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

Subscription agent, Philadelphia. Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Ypsilanti.

9TH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, \$1,000,000, PAID IN.

Fiscal agent of the United States, and Special Agent for J. Cooke, Subscription agent.

Will deliver 7-30 Notes Free of charge, by express in all parts of the country, and receive in payment checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This bank receives the accounts of banks and bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. T. HILL, Cash. **J. U. ORVIS, Pres.**

FIRE IN YPSILANTI.

INSURANCE OUR ONLY SAFETY.

SELECT A RELIABLE COMPANY.

THE MANHATTAN,

Of New York,

IS ONE OF THE

OLDEST AND VERY BEST

IN THE COUNTRY.

IT WAS ESTABLISHED IN 1821.

Capital and Surplus,

SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Its Directors are such solid men as Peter Cooper, Robert B. Minturn, and Edwin D. Morgan.

Risks taken at reasonable rates, and losses promptly paid by

S. M. CUTCHEN.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

And buy your TEA of BUSH & HORNER. They are selling Young Hyson for \$1.25. Call and examine their goods.

Bush & Horner.

DRY GOODS.

GOOD NEWS!!

High Prices have Taken a Tumble!

JUST RECEIVED:

BROWN COTTONS, 18, 20 & 25 Cts.

BLEACHED " 15, 18 & 25 Cts.

A NICE ASSORTMENT OF HATS FOR LADIES AND GENTS.

Sugars, Teas and Coffees, as Cheap as the Cheapest!

We can show the Nicest assortment of SHOES ever offered in this City!

DELAINE, GINGHAMS, & PRINTS, In Great variety.

Ladies' Cotton Hose, from 15 to 20

Ladies' Gowns, 15 to 20

Children's copper tip'd Shoes, 50 to 1.50

These Goods were bought during the panic in New York, and will be sold at prices that cannot fail to please.

J. G. KLOCK,
Ypsilanti, Mich.

April, 1865.

NEW CASH

CLOTHING STORE!

I have just returned from Eastern markets, having purchased a large stock of

CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS AND CAPS, &c., which I offer for sale to the good people of Ypsilanti and the surrounding country at as

CLOSE FIGURES as can be had in this or neighboring cities.

Please give me a call and examine Goods and Prices before Purchasing.

In the store recently occupied by T. B. Whitlark, as a News room, opposite the "Commercial office."

M. McLACHLIN,
Ypsilanti, April 29th, 1865.

NEW GOODS EVERY WEEK AT

SHOWERMAN BROS.

Price of Dress Goods, Much Reduced!!

TRIMMINGS for Dresses and Cloaks in variety and the latest styles—New and Latest patterns in Polka and Prints—The Cheapest Brown and Black Shades of the Market—Good water styles in Nubias and Hoods, received direct from the Manufacturers—New made and Latest Styles of Hoop Skirts, with Improved Fastenings—A large stock of Ladies' Children's and

E. W. BUSH
J. N. HORNER
Messrs. BUSH & HORNER
AGRICULTURAL AND GROCERY HEAD-QUARTERS!
At the Depot, Ypsilanti.
Messrs. BUSH & HORNER
Return their thanks to the Citizens of Ypsilanti and its vicinity for their liberal patronage, and invite their attention to their
NEW STOCK OF GROCERIES!
They keep always on hand the BEST and CHEAPEST of
Groceries, Provisions,
Plaster, Water Lime, Corn Meal,
Blossburg Coal, Paints & Oils,
Buckwheat Flour.

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Groceries, Provisions,
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Blossburg Coal, Paints & Oils,
Buckwheat Flour.

Palmer's "Excelcor" Horse Pitch-Fork!
Always buy the Best. This is it!
Took First Premium in New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa and New England States.
OVER 12,000 SOLD IN ONE YEAR!!!
Examine Our
BUCKEYE SULKY CORN PLOW!
This Machine saves the labor of one man; does its work with all hooked or straight rows; can be run by a boy; its high wheels and axles pass over the corn, it cannot break. It can be used as a corn marker, or for plowing in wheat. We also have the
"BUCKEYE" REAPER AND MOWER!
CALL IN, FARMERS.—You can't spend half an hour better than in looking over our stock of improved machinery and implements.
Ypsilanti, June, 1865.
BUSH & HORNER.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
LATEST STYLES
AND
BEST MATERIALS
which we are offering for sale at the lowest possible rates. We are especially in our old patrons and the public generally in our boots and shoes. We are now manufacturing all kinds of boots and shoes, and are prepared to receive orders for the same. We are also manufacturing all kinds of boots and shoes, and are prepared to receive orders for the same. We are also manufacturing all kinds of boots and shoes, and are prepared to receive orders for the same.

E. C. BOYCE & CO.
Would announce to the citizens of Ypsilanti and vicinity that, having recently removed their Boot and Shoe Store, they are now located at the corner of the Depot and the Postoffice, and are prepared to receive orders for the same. We are also manufacturing all kinds of boots and shoes, and are prepared to receive orders for the same. We are also manufacturing all kinds of boots and shoes, and are prepared to receive orders for the same.

EVERYBODY WEARS BOOTS & SHOES.
The substantial and durable boots and shoes which we are offering for sale at the lowest possible rates. We are especially in our old patrons and the public generally in our boots and shoes. We are now manufacturing all kinds of boots and shoes, and are prepared to receive orders for the same. We are also manufacturing all kinds of boots and shoes, and are prepared to receive orders for the same.

ERMINGHAM EXTERMINATORS
Costar's Rat, Roach &c. Exterminator
Is a paste used for Rats, Mice, Snakes, and other vermin. It is a liquid or wash used to destroy insects, a pre-ventive to insects, and a cure for insects. It is a liquid or wash used to destroy insects, a pre-ventive to insects, and a cure for insects. It is a liquid or wash used to destroy insects, a pre-ventive to insects, and a cure for insects.

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HOW TO AVOID DIARRH.
The most favorable circumstance for the production of a miasmatic epidemic is the exposure of a muddy bottom of a pond or sluggish stream to the burning heat of a summer's sun. In less than a week whole neighborhoods have been stricken with disease, yet under such circumstances, and according to the established laws of miasma, such families may dwell within half a mile of a miasmatic pond, and yet only one will suffer from it, while the other four will remain free from miasmatic disease.

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DR. KNAPP & SON.
Physicians & Surgeons.
CHRONIC DISEASES!
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As the name indicates, it not only preserves the growth of the hair, but also restores it, but it positively restores the color to its original shade when it is turning gray or white, whether caused by disease, grief or old age.

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